

EUMARIA ANTIFOULING ULTRA

Revision nr.7 Dated 01/07/2022 Printed on 09/12/2022 Page n. 1 / 14

Replaced revision:6 (Dated 11/02/2022)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name EUMARIA ANTIFOULING ULTRA

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Antifouling Paint. For Professional Use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name VITEX S.A. Full address IMEROS TOPOS

District and Country 19300 ASPROPYRGOS (ATTIKI)

GREECE

Tel. (0030) 2105589400 Fax (0030) 2105597859

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet vitexlab@vitex.gr

Supplier: VITEX S.A

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to (0030) 2105589400 (0030) 2107793777

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute toxicity, category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
Acute toxicity, category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
Serious eye damage, category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
category 3		
Skin sensitization, category 1A	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
category 3		
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity,	H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
category 1		
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
toxicity, category 1		

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Danger



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

Hazard statements:

H226Flammable liquid and vapour.H302+H332Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.H318Causes serious eye damage.H335May cause respiratory irritation.H317May cause an allergic skin reaction.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Precautionary statements:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor / . . . if you feel unwell.
P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local and national regulations.

Contains: DICOPPER OXIDE

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Product not intended for uses provided for by Directive 2004/42/EC.

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

DICOPPER OXIDE

CAS 1317-39-1 40 ≤ x < 45 Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1

H400 M=100, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10

EC 215-270-7 LD50 Oral: 1340 mg/l/4h, LC50 Inhalation mists/powders: 3,34 mg/l/4h

INDEX 029-002-00-X

REACH Reg. 01-2119513794-36-XXXX

ZINC OXIDE

CAS 1314-13-2 15 ≤ x < 20 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC 215-222-5 INDEX 030-013-00-7

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

CAS 64742-95-6 $10 \le x < 15$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336,

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066

EC 918-668-5

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REACH Reg. 01-2119455851-35-XXXX

ROSIN

CAS 8050-09-7 $10 \le x < 15$ Skin Sens. 1 H317

EC 232-475-7 INDEX 650-015-00-7

REACH Reg. 01-2119480418-32-xxxx

@EPY 11.1.2 - SDS 1004.14



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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients .../>>

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

CAS 9 ≤ x < 10 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the

CLP Regulation: C

EC 905-562-9 STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation vapours: >10 mg/l/4h

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REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32-XXXX

ZINEB

CAS 12122-67-7 2,98 \leq x < 3 STOT SE 3 H335, Skin Sens. 1 H317

EC 235-180-1

INDEX 006-078-00-2

PROPYLATED TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE

CAS 68937-41-7 $1,89 \le x < 1,91$

EC 273-066-3

INDEX

TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE

CAS 115-86-6 0,88 ≤ x < 0,91 Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1

EC 201-112-2

INDEX

Reaction mass of Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine and Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., trimers, compds. with oleylamine

CAS $0.25 \le x < 0.28$ Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1A H317,

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 EC 942-330-6 STA Oral: 500 mg/kg

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REACH Reg. 01-2120101675-63-xxxx

Pyrithione Zinc

CAS 13463-41-7 0,09 ≤ x < 0,11 Repr. 1B H360D, Acute Tox. 2 H330, Acute Tox. 3 H301, STOT RE 1 H372, Eye

Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1000, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=10

Repr. 2 H361fd, STOT RE 2 H373, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411

LD50 Oral: >160 mg/l/4h, STA Inhalation mists/powders: 0,051 mg/l

EC INDEX

REACH Reg. 01-2119511196-46-XXXX

236-671-3

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.



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SECTION 5. Firefighting measures .../>>

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

ВGR България НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17

Януари 2020г.)

CZE Česká Republika Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb.,

kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů

DEU Deutschland Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und

Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung

gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56

FRA France Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS



HUN

SVK

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>

Magyarország

Slovensko

GRC Ελλάδα Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των

οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με

την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία''»

Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki

tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama

HRV Hrvatska Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijam na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)

NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 12. augusta 2020, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 356/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred

rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou karcinogénnym a mutagénnym faktorom pri práci v znení

neskorších predpisov

GBR United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)

EU OEL EU Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU)

2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive

2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2021

				H	IYDROCARBON	IS, C9, ARON	MATICS			
Threshold Limi	it Value									
Type	Cour	ntry T\	NA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Ob			
		m	g/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU	1	00							
Health - Derive	d no-effe	ct level - I	ONEL /	DMEL						
Effects on consumers					Effects on workers					
Route of exp	osure	Acute	Acı	ıte	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
		local	sys	temic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral					VND	11				
						mg/kg/d				
Inhalation					VND	150			VND	32
						mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin					VND	11			VND	25
						mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

			Reaction ma	ss of ethylbenz	ene and m-xy	ylene and p-xyle	ne		
Threshold Limit	Value								
Type	Countr	y TWA	V8h	STEL/15	STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations		
		mg/r	n3 ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	221		442		SKIN			
TLV	CZE	200		400		SKIN			
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN			
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150	SKIN			
AK	HUN	221		442		SKIN			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
NPEL	SVK	221	50	442		SKIN			
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100				
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150				
Health - Derived	no-effect	level - DN	EL / DMEL						
	Effects on o	consumers			Effects on wor	kers			
Route of expo	sure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
		local	systemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	1,6				
					mg/kg/d				
Inhalation		174	174	VND	14,8	289	289	VND	77
		mg/m3	mg/m3		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3		mg/m3
Skin				VND	108			VND	180
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d



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TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE								
Threshold Lir	Threshold Limit Value							
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
MAK	DEU	3						
WEL	GBR	3		6				

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction. VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available; NEA = no exposure expected; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	liquid	
Colour	as showed in color folder	
Odour	characteristic	
Melting point / freezing point	Not available	
Initial boiling point	Not available	
Flammability	Not available	
Lower explosive limit	Not available	
Upper explosive limit	Not available	
Flash point	23 ≤ T ≤ 60 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available	
pH	Not available	
Kinematic viscosity	Not available	
Dynamic viscosity	90-110KU	

Solubility immiscible with water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available Vapour pressure Not available

Density and/or relative density 1,83 – 2,00 Kg/L

Relative vapour density



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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties .../

Particle characteristics

Not available Not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU) Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: > 5 mg/l
ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l
ATE (Inhalation - gas) of the mixture: 0,0 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information _.../>>

DICOPPER OXIDE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 2000 mg/kg

 LD50 (Oral):
 1340 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):
 3,34 mg/l/4h

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 2000 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 > 20 mg/l/4h

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

STA (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

LD50 (Oral): > 2000 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 10 mg/l/4h Rat

PROPYLATED TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 2350 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 200 mg/m3 Rat

Pyrithione Zinc

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 2000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 160 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):
 1,03 mg/l/4h Rat

STA (Inhalation mists/powders): 0,051 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

Respiratory sensitization

Information not available

Skin sensitization

Information not available

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Information not available

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

Information not available

Effects on or via lactation



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

Information not available

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation
May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and highly toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

Chronic NOEC for Fish > 1 mg/l based on test data

Chronic NOEC for Crustacea > 0,1 mg/l

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

 LC50 - for Fish
 > 1 mg/l/96h

 EC50 - for Crustacea
 > 1 mg/l/48h

 EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
 > 1 mg/l/72h

Chronic NOEC for Fish > 1 mg/l based on modeled data Chronic NOEC for Crustacea > 1 mg/l based on modeled data

DICOPPER OXIDE

LC50 - for Fish 0,0384 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas EC50 - for Crustacea 0,0038 mg/l/48h Daphnia similis

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0,0238 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

Chronic NOEC for Fish 0,0116 mg/l Oncorhynchus mykiss Chronic NOEC for Crustacea 0,0126 mg/l Daphnia magna

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0,0029 mg/l Phaeodactylum tricornutumto

Pyrithione Zinc

LC50 - for Fish

0,0026 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

EC50 - for Crustacea

> 0,0082 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants

> 0,00046 mg/l Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)



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SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} LC50 - for Fish & 0,36 mg/l/96h Rainbow Trout \\ EC50 - for Crustacea & > 1 mg/l/48h Mysid Shrimp \\ \end{tabular}$

ZINC OXIDE

LC50 - for Fish 1,1 mg/l/96h Oncorhynchus mykiss EC50 - for Crustacea 1,7 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0,14 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata

Chronic NOEC for Fish 0,53 mg/l Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0,024 mg/l

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

Rapidly degradable

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Rapidly degradable

DICOPPER OXIDE

Solubility in water 0,639 mg/l

NOT rapidly degradable

Pyrithione Zinc

Solubility in water 0,008 g/l

Entirely degradable Biodegradation: 39 %

ZINC OXIDE

Solubility in water 2,9 mg/l

NOT rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,12

HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,7

Pyrithione Zinc

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,93 Log Pow

BCF 50 -

ZINC OXIDE

BCF > 175

12.4. Mobility in soil

TRIPHENYL PHOSPHATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water > 3,43

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available



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SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

IMDG: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (DICOPPER OXIDE)

IATA: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally Hazardous

IMDG: Marine Pollutant



IATA: NO

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 30 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Special provision: 163, 367, 650

IMDG:EMS: F-E, S-ELimited Quantities: 5 LIATA:Cargo:Maximum quantity: 220 L

Cargo: Maximum quantity: 220 L Packaging instructions: 366
Pass.: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 355

Special provision: A3, A72, A192

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant



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SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c-E1

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product Point

3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

Not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

ZINEB

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :

One - pack performance coatings.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3

Repr. 1B

Repr. 2

Acute Tox. 2

Acute Tox. 3

Acute Tox. 4

Flammable liquid, category 3

Reproductive toxicity, category 1B

Reproductive toxicity, category 2

Acute toxicity, category 2

Acute toxicity, category 3

Acute toxicity, category 3

STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1
Eye Dam. 1 Serious eye damage, category 1
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Skin Sens. 1A Skin sensitization, category 1A

Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H360D May damage the unborn child.

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H330 Fatal if inhaled. **H301** Toxic if swallowed.

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.



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SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H335May cause respiratory irritation.H317May cause an allergic skin reaction.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

EUH211 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)



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SECTION 16. Other information .../>>

- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

02/03/09/11/12/14/15/16.