

Revision nr.5 Dated 11/04/2022 Printed on 12/04/2022 Page n. 1/ 14 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 11/05/2020)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking 1.1. Product identifier SPRAY'T ZINC RICH Product name 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use Zinc rich primer for anticorrosive protection 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet VITEX S.A. Name **IMEROS TOPOS** Full address ASPROPYRGOS (ATTIKI) District and Country 19300 GREECE (0030) 2105589400 Tel. Fax (0030) 2105597859 e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet vitexlab@vitex.gr VITEX S.A Supplier: 1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to (0030) 2105589400 (0030) 2107793777

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:		
Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Danger

Hazard statements:H222Extremely flammable aerosol.H229Pressurised container: may burst if heated.H319Causes serious eye irritation.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

@EPY 11.1.2 - SDS 1004.14



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

H411 EUH066	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Lonooo	Repeated expected may eaule earling the end of each ang.
Precautionary statemer	nts:
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read label before use.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P312	Call a POISON CENTRE / doctor / if you feel unwell.
P405	Store locked up.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
P501	Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local and national regulations.
Contains:	METHYL ACETATE
	N-BUTYL ACETATE

Product not intended for uses provided for by Directive 2004/42/EC.

ACETONE

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\ge 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Con	c. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
METHYL ACE	TATE		
CAS	79-20-9	15 ≤ x < 25	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC	201-185-2		
INDEX	607-021-00-X		
N-BUTYL ACE	ETATE		
CAS	123-86-4	5≤x< 15	Flam. Lig. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC	204-658-1		
INDEX	607-025-00-1		
ZINC DUST st	abilized, non pyro	phorous	
CAS	7440-66-6	2≤x< 5	Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC	231-175-3		
INDEX	030-001-01-9		
REACH Reg.	01-2119467174-3	7-xxxx	
ACETONE			
CAS	67-64-1	1≤x< 3	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC	200-662-2		
INDEX	606-001-00-8		
METHANOL			
CAS	67-56-1	1≤x< 2	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331, STOT SE 1 H370
EC	200-659-6		STOT SE 2 H371: ≥ 3%
INDEX	603-001-00-X		STA Oral: 100 mg/kg, STA Dermal: 300 mg/kg, STA Inhalation mists/powders: 0,501 mg/l

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

The product is an aerosol containing propellants. For the purposes of calculation of the health hazards, propellants are not considered (unless they have health hazards). The percentages indicated are inclusive of the propellants. Percentage of propellants: 35,00 %



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SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE If overheated, aerosol cans can deform, explode and be propelled considerable distances. Put a protective helmet on before approaching the fire. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not disperse in the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use inert absorbent material to soak up leaked product. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.



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SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not spray on flames or incandescent bodies. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Do not breathe spray.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50° C / 122° F, away from any combustion sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.)
CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»
HUN	Magyarország	Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea si completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
SVK	Slovensko	NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 12. augusta 2020, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 356/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou karcinogénnym a mutagénnym faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov
GBR EU	United Kingdom OEL EU	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU)
LU		2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2021



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

METHYL ACETATE

Threshold Limit \	/alue					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15n	nin	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	CZE	600	195	800	260	
AGW	DEU	620	200	1240 (C)	400 (C)	
MAK	DEU	310	100	1240	400	
VLEP	FRA	610	200	760	250	SKIN
TLV	GRC	610	200	760	250	
AK	HUN	310		1240		SKIN
GVI/KGVI	HRV	616	200	770	250	
TLV	ROU	200	63	600	188	
NPEL	SVK	310	100	770	250	
WEL	GBR	616	200	770	250	
TLV-ACGIH		606	200	757	250	

				N-BUTY	L ACETATE	
Threshold Limit	Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	710		950		
TLV	CZE	950	196,65	1200	248,4	
AGW	DEU	300	62	600 (C)	124 (C)	
VLEP	FRA	710	150	940	200	
TLV	GRC	710	150	950	200	
AK	HUN	241		723		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	241	50	723	150	
TLV	ROU	241	50	723	150	
NPEL	SVK	241	50	723	150	
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200	
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150	
TLV-ACGIH			50		150	

ZINC DUST stabilized, non pyrophorous						
Threshold Limi	t Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
MAK	DEU	0,1		0,4		RESP

METHANOL						
Threshold Limit Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	260	200			SKIN
TLV	CZE	250	187,75	1000	751	SKIN
AGW	DEU	270	200	1080	800	SKIN
MAK	DEU	130	100	260	200	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	260	200	1300	1000	SKIN 11
TLV	GRC	260	200	325	250	
AK	HUN	260				SKIN
GVI/KGVI	HRV	260	200			SKIN
TLV	ROU	260	200			SKIN
NPEL	SVK	260	200			SKIN
WEL	GBR	266	200	333	250	SKIN
OEL	EU	260	200			
TLV-ACGIH		262	200	328	250	SKIN



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection/>>

ACETONE					
/alue					
Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15n	nin	Remarks / Observations
	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
BGR	600		1400		
CZE	800	331,2	1500	621	
DEU	1200	500	2400 (C)	1000 (C)	
DEU	1200	500	2400	1000	
FRA	1210	500	2420	1000	
GRC	1780		3560		
HUN	1210				
HRV	1210	500			
ROU	1210	500			
SVK	1210	500			
GBR	1210	500	3620	1500	
EU	1210	500			
		250		500	
	Country BGR CZE DEU DEU FRA GRC HUN HRV ROU SVK GBR	Country TWA/8h mg/m3 BGR 600 CZE 800 DEU 1200 DEU 1200 FRA 1210 GRC 1780 HUN 1210 ROU 1210 SVK 1210 GBR 1210	Country TWA/8h mg/m3 ppm BGR 600 CZE 800 331,2 DEU 1200 500 DEU 1200 500 FRA 1210 500 GRC 1780	Galue STEL/15n Country TWA/8h STEL/15n mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 BGR 600 1400 CZE 800 331,2 1500 DEU 1200 500 2400 (C) DEU 1200 500 2400 FRA 1210 500 2420 GRC 1780 3560 100 HUN 1210 500 2400 SVK 1210 500 2420 GBR 1210 500 2420 GBR 1210 500 2420 GBR 1210 500 2420	Mailue STEL/15min Mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm BGR 600 1400 CZE 800 331,2 1500 621 DEU 1200 500 2400 (C) 1000 (C) DEU 1200 500 2400 1000 FRA 1210 500 2420 1000 GRC 1780 3560

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

None required.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, a mask with a type AX filter combined with a type P filter should be worn (see standard EN 14387).

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Information

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value
Appearance	aerosol
Colour	grey
Odour	characteristic of solvent
Melting point / freezing point	Not available
Initial boiling point	Not applicable
Flammability	flammable gas
Lower explosive limit	Not available
Upper explosive limit	Not available
Flash point	Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available
рН	Not available
Kinematic viscosity	Not available
Solubility	insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available
Vapour pressure	4,0 bar
Density and/or relative density	0,75 - 0,85
Relative vapour density	Not available
Particle characteristics	



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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties/>>

Not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

N-BUTYL ACETATE Decomposes on contact with: water. ACETONE

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents.May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides,potassium tert-butoxide.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

ZINC DUST stabilized, non pyrophorous

ZINC POWDER - ZINC DUST: risk of explosion on contact with: ammonium nitrate, ammonium sulphide, barium peroxide, lead nitride, chlorates, chromium trioxide, sodium hydroxide solutions, oxidising agents, performic acid, acids, tetrachloromethane, water. May react dangerously with alkali hydroxides, bromine pentafluoride, calcium chloride solution, fluorine, hexachloroethane, nitrobenzene, potassium dioxide, carbon disulphide, silver. Reacts with acids and strong alkalis developing hydrogen.

ACETONE

Risk of explosion on contact with: bromine trifluoride,fluorine dioxide,hydrogen peroxide,nitrosyl chloride,2-methyl-1,3 butadiene,nitromethane,nitrosyl perchlorate.May react dangerously with: potassium tert-butoxide,alkaline hydroxides,bromine,bromoform,isoprene,sodium,sulphur dioxide,chromium trioxide,chromyl chloride,nitric acid,chloroform,peroxymonosulphuric acid,phosphoryl oxychloride,chromosulphuric acid,fluorine,strong oxidising agents,strong reducing agents.Develops flammable gas on contact with: nitrosyl perchlorate.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture,sources of heat,naked flames. ACETONE

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water, nitrates, strong oxidants, acids, alkalis, zinc.

ZINC DUST stabilized, non pyrophorous

ZINC POWDER - ZINC DUST: water, strong alkalis and acids.

ACETONE

Incompatible with: acids,oxidising substances.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

ACETONE

May develop: ketenes, irritant substances.



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

N-BUTYL ACETATE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

METHANOL

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

METHANOL

The minimum lethal dose for humans by ingestion is considered to be in the range from 300 to 1000 mg/kg. Ingestion of 4-10 ml of the substance may cause permanent blindness in adult humans (IPCS).

Interactive effects

N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:	> 5 mg/l >2000 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg
N-BUTYL ACETATE	
LD50 (Dermal):	> 5000 mg/kg Rabbit
LD50 (Oral):	> 6400 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	21,1 mg/l/4h Rat
METHANOL	
STA (Oral):	100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
	(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
STA (Dermal):	300 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
	(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
STA (Inhalation mists/powders):	0,501 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
	(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

Respiratory sensitization

Information not available

Skin sensitization

Information not available

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Information not available

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

Information not available

Effects on or via lactation

Information not available

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Excluded because the aerosol does not allow the accumulation of a significant amount of product in the mouth

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment.



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SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

12.1. Toxicity

ZINC DUST stabilized, non pyrophorous LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	7,1 mg/l/96h Nothobranchius guentheri 2,8 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna 0,015 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
METHANOL Solubility in water Rapidly degradable ACETONE	1000 - 10000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable	
METHYL ACETATE Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	243500 mg/l
N-BUTYL ACETATE Solubility in water	1000 - 10000 mg/l
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
METHANOL Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	-0,77 0,2
ACETONE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	-0,23 3
METHYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	0,18
N-BUTYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	2,3 15,3
12.4. Mobility in soil	
METHYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: soil/water	0,18
N-BUTYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: soil/water	< 3
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available



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SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	AEROSOLS
IMDG:	AEROSOLS (ZINC DUST stabilized, non pyrophorous)
IATA:	AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 2	Label: 2.1
IMDG:	Class: 2	Label: 2.1
ΙΑΤΑ:	Class: 2	Label: 2.1

14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: -

14.5. Environmental hazards

NO

IMDG:

Marine Pollutant



2

IATA:

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler:	Limited Quantities: 1 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D)
	Special provision: -		
IMDG:	EMS: F-D, S-U	Limited Quantities: 1 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 150 Kg	Packaging instructions: 203
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 75 Kg	Packaging instructions: 203
	Special provision:	A145, A167, A802	

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant



H311

H331

H370

H319

H336

H400 H410 Toxic in contact with skin.

Causes damage to organs.

Very toxic to aquatic life.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxic if inhaled.

VITEX S.A. SPRAY'T ZINC RICH

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SECTION 15. Regulatory information

5.1. Safety, health and en	vironmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Seveso Category - Direct	ive 2012/18/EU: P3a-E2
Restrictions relating to the	e product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006
<u>Product</u>	
Point	40
Contained substance	
Point Point	75 69 METHANOL
1 Ont	
	48 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors
Regulated explosives pre	
	tion, possession or use of that regulated explosives precursor by members of the general public is subject to
reporting obligations as s	et out in Article 9. Is and significant disappearances and thefts must be reported to the relevant national contact point.
	is and significant disappearances and theirs must be reported to the relevant hational contact point.
Substances in Candidate	
On the basis of available	data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%.
Substances subject to au	thorisation (Annex XIV REACH)
None	
Substances subject to ex	portation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:
None	
Substances subject to the	<u>Potterdam Convention:</u>
None	
Substances subject to the	Stockholm Convention:
None	
Healthcare controls	
Workers exposed to this	chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks
related to the workers' he	alth and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.
2 Chamical asfaty assa	
2. Chemical safety asse	ssment
A chemical safety assess	ment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.
ECTION 16. Other	information
Text of hazard (H) indicat	ions mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:
Aerosol 1	Aerosol, category 1
Aerosol 3	Aerosol, category 3
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity, category 3
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H225 H301	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Toxic if swallowed.
H301	



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SECTION 16. Other information

H411 EUH066 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road

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- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy



ΕN

SECTION 16. Other information

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

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The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 15 / 16.

