



ΕN

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the sub	ostance/m	ixture and of the co	mpany/undertaking	
1.1. Product identifier				
Product name	MINIO			
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or	mixture and u	ises advised against		
Intended use	Anticorros	ive primer for metallic surfa	ces	
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data shee	t			
Name Full address District and Country e-mail address of the competent person	VITEX S.A. IMEROS TO 19300 Tel. Fax		(ΑΤΤΙΚΙ)	
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet	vitexlab@v	/itex.gr		
Supplier:	VITEX S.A			
1.4. Emergency telephone number				
For urgent inquiries refer to	(0030) 210 (0030) 210			

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:		
Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Warning

Hazard statements:H226Flammable liquid and vapour.H319Causes serious eye irritation.H315Causes skin irritation.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification

ECTION 2. Hazarus	
H412 EUH208	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Contains: COBALT BIS (2-ETHYLHEXANOATE) May produce an allergic reaction.
Precautionary statem	ents:
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local and national regulations.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
Contains:	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) :	
One - pack performance coatings.	
VOC given in g/litre of product in a ready-to-use condition :	449,00
Limit value:	500,00

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\ge 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Identification	x = Cor	nc. % Class	sification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
HYDROCARB	ONS, C9-C11, n-	ALKANES, ISOALKAN	ES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS
CAS	64742-48-9	15 ≤ x < 25	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC	919-857-5		
INDEX			
REACH Reg.			
	s of ethylbenzene	e and m-xylene and p-	•
CAS		5≤x< 7	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304 STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
EC	905-562-9		STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation vapours: >10 mg/l/4h
INDEX			
REACH Reg.	01-2119488216-	32-XXXX	
XYLENE (MIX	TURE OF ISOME	RS)	
CAS	1330-20-7	3≤x< 5	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304 STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
EC	215-535-7		STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation vapours: >10 mg/l/4h
INDEX	601-022-00-9		
REACH Reg.	01-2119488216-	XXXX	
1-METHOXY-2	2-PROPANOL		
CAS	107-98-2	1,5 ≤ x < 2,5	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336
EC	203-539-1		
INDEX	603-064-00-3		
REACH Reg.	01-2119457435-	35-XXXX	
TRIZINC BIS (ORTHOPHOSPH	ATE)	
CAS	7779-90-0	1 ≤ x < 1,6	Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
EC	231-944-3		
INDEX	030-011-00-6		





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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients/>>

COBALT BIS (2-ETHYLHEXANOATE)

205-250-6

CAS	136-52-7	$0 \le x < 0,29$
CAS	130-32-7	0 = x < 0,29

Repr. 1B H360F, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

EC INDEX

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.



VITEX S.A.

MINIO

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures .../>>

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.)
CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»
HUN	Magyarország	Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
SVK	Slovensko	NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 12. augusta 2020, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 356/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou karcinogénnym a mutagénnym faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2021



SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../>>

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Threshold Limit Va	lue								
Type Country		TWA/8h	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		bservations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
MAK	DEU	300	50	600	100				
OEL	EU	1200							
Health - Derived no	-effect leve	el - DNEL / I	DMEL						
	Effe	cts on consu	umers			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of exposur	e Acu	te Acı	ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	l sys	stemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	300				
					mg/kg/d				
Inhalation				VND	900	VND	1500		
					mg/m3		mg/m3		
Skin				VND	300			VND	300
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

			neau	uon mas	s of ethylbenz	ene anu m-xj	nene anu p-xylen	6		
hreshold Limit	Value									
Туре	Count	try TV	VA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ob	servations		
		mg	g/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	22	21		442		SKIN			
TLV	CZE	20	00		400		SKIN			
AGW	DEU	44	40	100	880	200	SKIN			
MAK	DEU	44	40	100	880	200	SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	22	21	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	43	35	100	650	150	SKIN			
AK	HUN	22	21		442		SKIN			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	22	21	50	442	100	SKIN			
NPEL	SVK	22	21	50	442		SKIN			
WEL	GBR	22	20	50	441	100				
OEL	EU	22	21	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		43	34	100	651	150				
lealth - Derived	no-effect	t level - D	NEL / DI	MEL						
		Effects of	n consum	ners			Effects on work	ers		
Route of expo	sure	Acute	Acute	Э	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
		local	syste	emic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral					VND	1,6				
						mg/kg/d				
Inhalation		174	174		VND	14,8	289	289	VND	77
		mg/m3	mg/n	า3		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3		mg/m3
Skin					VND	108			VND	180
						mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... />>

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

Threshold Limit	Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8ł	า	STEL/15	min	Remarks / O	bservations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	221		442		SKIN			
TLV	CZE	200		400		SKIN			
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN			
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150	SKIN			
AK	HUN	221		442		SKIN			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
NPEL	SVK	221	50	442		SKIN			
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100				
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150				
Health - Derived	no-effect le	vel - DNEL	/ DMEL						
	Eff	ects on con	sumers			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of expos	sure Ac	ute A	cute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loc	al s	ystemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	1,6				
					mg/kg/d				
Inhalation	17	4 1	74	VND	14,8	289	289	VND	77
	mg	ı/m3 m	ng/m3		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3		mg/m3
Skin				VND	108			VND	180
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

				1-METHOX	Y-2-PROPAN	OL			
Threshold Limit	Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ob	servations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	375		568		SKIN			
TLV	CZE	270		550		SKIN			
AGW	DEU	370	100	740	200				
MAK	DEU	370	100	740	200				
VLEP	FRA	188	50	375	10	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	360	100	1080	300				
TLV	GRC	360	100	1080	300	SKIN			
AK	HUN	375		568					
GVI/KGVI	HRV	375	100	568	150	SKIN			
NPEL	SVK	375	100	568		SKIN			
WEL	GBR	375	100	560	150	SKIN			
OEL	EU	375	100	568	150	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		369	100	553	150				
Predicted no-effe	ect concentra	ation - PNE	C						
Normal value i	in fresh water						10	mg/l	
Normal value	for fresh wate	r sediment					41,6	mg/kg	
Normal value	for marine wa	ter sediment	t				4,17	mg/kg	
Normal value		0					100	mg/l	
Normal value							2,47	mg/kg	
Health - Derived	no-effect lev	el - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Effe	ects on consu	umers			Effects on work	ers		
Route of expo				Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	al sys	stemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	3,3				
					mg/kg				
Inhalation				VND	43,9	553,5	VND	VND	369
					mg/m3	mg/m3			mg/m3
Skin				VND	18,1			VND	50,6
					mg/kg				mg/kg





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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection/>>

COBALT BIS (2-ETHYLHEXANOATE)

Threshold Limit V	/alue								
Туре	Country	ntry TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Ol	oservations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	GRC	5							
lealth - Derived r	no-effect lev	el - DNEL / D	MEL						
	Effe	cts on consu	mers			Effects on worl			
Route of expos	ure Acu	te Acu	te	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loca	al syst	emic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral					0,0095				
					mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation					0,0063		0,235		
					mg/m3		mg/m3		
Skin		NPI							

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	
Appearance	viscous liquid	
Colour	orange	
Odour	characteristic of solvent	
Melting point / freezing point	Not available	
Initial boiling point	Not available	
Flammability	Not available	
Lower explosive limit	Not available	
Upper explosive limit	Not available	
Flash point	27 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available	
pH		

Information





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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties/>>

Kinematic viscosity Dynamic viscosity Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Vapour pressure Density and/or relative density Relative vapour density Particle characteristics Not available Not available 75 - 85 KU insoluble in water Not available 1,46-1,50 kg/l Not available Not applicable

Method:ASTM D 562

Method:ISO 2811

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Information not available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l Not classified (no significant component)



Revision nr.5 Dated 09/12/2020 Printed on 21/07/2022 Page n. 9 / 15 Replaced revision:4 (Dated 17/07/2020)

SECTION 11. Toxicological information/>>		
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:	>2000 mg/kg	
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALKA		
LD50 (Dermal):	> 5000 mg/kg Rabbit	
LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	> 5000 mg/kg Rat > 20 mg/l/4h Rat	
	~ 20 mg///40 Kat	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-	•	
STA (Dermal):	1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Ar (figure used for calculation of the acute tox	
LD50 (Oral):	> 2000 mg/kg Rat	
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	> 10 mg/l/4h Rat	
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)		
STA (Dermal):	1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Ar	
LD50 (Oral):	(figure used for calculation of the acute tox > 2000 mg/kg Rat	icity estimate of the mixture)
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	> 10 mg/l/4h Rat	
	Ū.	
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL LD50 (Dermal):	> 5000 mg/kg Rabbit	
LD50 (Oral):	> 2000 mg/kg Rat	
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	> 20 mg/l/4h Rat	
TRIZINC BIS (ORTHOPHOSPHATE)		
LD50 (Oral):	> 5000 mg/kg Rat - Wistar	
LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):	> 5,7 mg/l Rat	
SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION		
Causes skin irritation		
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION		
Causes serious eye irritation		
RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION		
May produce an allergic reaction.		
Contains:		
COBALT BIS (2-ETHYLHEXANOATE)		
Respiratory sensitization		
Information not available		
Skin sensitization		
Information not available		
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY		
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class		
CARCINOGENICITY		
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class		
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY		
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class		
Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility		
Information not available		
Adverse effects on development of the offspring		
Information not available		

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Effects on or via lactation

Information not available

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene		
LC50 - for Fish	> 1 mg/l/96h	
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 1 mg/l/48h	
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 1 mg/l/72h	
Chronic NOEC for Fish	> 1 mg/l based on test data	
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	> 0,1 mg/l	
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL		
LC50 - for Fish	> 100 mg/l/96h	
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 100 mg/l/48h	
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 100 mg/l/72h	
COBALT BIS (2-ETHYLHEXANOATE)		
LC50 - for Fish	275 mg/l/96h	
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	654,2 mg/l/72h	
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)		
LC50 - for Fish	> 1 mg/l/96h	
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 1 mg/l/48h	
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 1 mg/l/72h	
Chronic NOEC for Fish	> 1 mg/l based on test data	
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	> 0,1 mg/l	
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS		
LC50 - for Fish	> 100 mg/l/96h	
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 100 mg/l/48h	
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> 100 mg/l/72h

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SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants
Chronic NOEC for Fish
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea

TRIZINC BIS (ORTHOPHOSPHATE) LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea

0,78 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas 0,86 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

> 0,1 mg/l based on modeled data> 0,1 mg/l based on modeled data

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene Rapidly degradable

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL Rapidly degradable

COBALT BIS (2-ETHYLHEXANOATE) Entirely degradable

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Rapidly degradable

HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS Rapidly degradable

 TRIZINC BIS (ORTHOPHOSPHATE)

 Solubility in water
 2,7 mg/l

 Degradability: information not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene a Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	nd p-xylene 3.12
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	> 0.37
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	3.12
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISO. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	- /
	5

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.



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SECTION 13. Disposal considerations ... / >>

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IMDG:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IATA:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3	
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3	
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3	*

14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 30	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
	Special provision: 163, 367, 650		
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u>	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 220 L	Packaging instructions: 366
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 355
	Special provision:	A3, A72, A192	

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

Seveso Category - Direc	<u>tive 2012/18/EU:</u>	P5c
Restrictions relating to th	e product or contained substance	s pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006
Product		
Point	3 - 40	
Contained substance		
Point	75	
Demulation (EU) 0040/44	40 and the manufaction and uses of a	

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors Not applicable



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SECTION 15. Regulatory information ... / >>

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH) None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012: None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) : One - pack performance coatings.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3 Repr. 1B	Flammable liquid, category 3 Reproductive toxicity, category 1B
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H360F	May damage fertility.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation



SECTION 16. Other information ... /

- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website

- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.



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SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 03 / 04 / 09 / 12.