

Revision nr.9 Dated 02/12/2022 Printed on 31/08/2023 Page n. 1 / 18 Replaced revision:8 (Dated 04/12/2020) ΕN

# Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking 1.1. Product identifier HEAVY METAL SILICON Product name 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use Solvent based enamel ideal for metallic surfaces 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet VITEX S.A. Name **IMEROS TOPOS** Full address District and Country **ASPROPYRGOS** (ATTIKI) 19300 GREECE (0030) 2105589400 Tel. Fax (0030) 2105597859 e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet vitexlab@vitex.gr VITEX S.A Supplier: 1.4. Emergency telephone number For urgent inquiries refer to (0030) 2105589400 (0030) 2107793777

### **SECTION 2. Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:		
Flammable liquid, category 3	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure,	H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or
category 1		repeated exposure.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Danger



# SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

Hazard statements:	
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319	Causes serious eve irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH211	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Precautionary statements:	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260	Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P405	Store locked up.
P501	Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local and national regulations.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
Contains:	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS
	XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)
	HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%)
VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC)	<u>.</u>
One - pack performance coa	tings.
VOC given in g/litre of produc	ct in a ready-to-use condition : 495,00
Limit value:	500,00

### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration  $\ge 0.1\%$ .

## **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2. Mixtures

	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
30NS, C9-C11, n-Al	KANES, ISOALKANES,	, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS
64742-48-9 919-857-5	30 ≤ x < 35	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
TURE OF ISOMER	S)	
1330-20-7	10 ≤ x < 15	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
215-535-7		STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation vapours: >10 mg/l/4h
601-022-00-9		
01-2119488216-X	XXX	
		CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%)
64742-82-1	10 ≤ x < 15	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT RE 1 H372, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066
919-446-0		
01-2119458049-X	XXX	
ss of ethylbenzene	and m-xylene and p-xyl	ene
-	4≤x< 6	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
	64742-48-9 919-857-5 01-2119463258-33 CTURE OF ISOMER 1330-20-7 215-535-7 601-022-00-9 01-2119488216-X SONS, C9-C12, n-Al 64742-82-1 919-446-0 01-2119458049-X	<b>BONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES</b> , $64742-48-9$ $30 \le x < 35$ $919-857-5$ $01-2119463258-33-XXXX$ <b>CTURE OF ISOMERS</b> ) $1330-20-7$ $10 \le x < 15$ $215-535-7$ $601-022-00-9$ $01-2119488216-XXXX$ <b>SONS, C9-C12, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES</b> $64742-82-1$ $10 \le x < 15$ $919-446-0$ $01-2119458049-XXXX$ <b>So of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xyl</b>



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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients ..../>

EC 905-562-9 STA Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, LC50 Inhalation vapours: >10 mg/l/4h INDEX REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32-XXXX Calcium 3,5,5-trimethylhexanoate CAS 64216-15-5  $1,6 \le x \le 2,2$ Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Irrit. 2 H319 EC 264-731-9 STA Oral: 500 mg/kg INDEX REACH Reg. 2119978299-15-XXXX 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL CAS 107-98-2  $0,8 \le x \le 1,7$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336 EC 203-539-1 INDEX 603-064-00-3 HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS CAS 64742-48-9  $0,8 \le x \le 1,2$ Asp. Tox. 1 H304, EUH066 EC 918-481-9 INDEX REACH Reg. 01-2119457273-XXXX HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, STOT SE 3 H336, CAS 64742-95-6  $0,5 \le x \le 1,2$ Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, EUH066 EC 918-668-5 INDEX REACH Reg. 01-2119455851-35-XXXX ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373 CAS  $0.2 \le x \le 0.6$ EC 202-849-4 LC50 Inhalation vapours: 17,2 mg/l/4h INDEX 601-023-00-4 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE Flam. Liq. 3 H226 CAS 108-65-6  $0.1 \le x < 0.2$ EC 203-603-9 INDEX 607-195-00-7

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

## **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately. INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

### **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT Chemical powder. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT Do not use water.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE No information available.



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### SECTION 5. Firefighting measures ... / >>

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Flammable gases develop in contact with water or moisture. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Work in adequately ventilated areas. Avoid flames and sparks. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Keep containers well sealed. Avoid contact with water or that may absorb moisture at all costs. Avoid violent blows. Avoid overheating. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)



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# **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.)
CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
FRA GRC	France Ελλάδα	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ ''σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία''»
HUN	Magyarország	Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
SVK	Slovensko	NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 12. augusta 2020, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 356/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou karcinogénnym a mutagénnym faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov
GBR EU	United Kingdom OEL EU	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2022

	п	TURUCA	RBUNS, C9-	CTT, N-ALKANES	, ISUALKANE	:5, CTCLIC5, <2"		<i>,</i> 3	
Threshold Lir	nit Value								
Туре	Countr	y TW	/A/8h	STEL/15	ōmin	Remarks / O	bservations		
		mg	/m3 ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
MAK	DEU	30	0 50	600	100				
OEL	EU	120	00						
Health - Deriv	ed no-effect	level - D	NEL / DMEL						
	E	Effects on consumers					Effects on workers		
Route of ex	kposure /	Acute Acute		Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	I	ocal	systemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	300				
					mg/kg/d				
Inhalation				VND	900	VND	1500		
					mg/m3		mg/m3		
Skin				VND	300			VND	300
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d



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# SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

## HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%)

Threshold Lin	nit Value								
Туре	Count	ry TWA/8ł	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU	350							
Health - Deriv	ed no-effect	level - DNEL	/ DMEL						
	Effects on consumers					Effects on workers			
Route of ex	posure	Acute A	cute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
		local s	ystemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	26				
					mg/kg/d				
Inhalation				VND	71			VND	330
					mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin				VND	26			VND	44
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

# XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)

					URE OF 150	MERS)			
Threshold Limit	Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / C	bservations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	221		442		SKIN			
TLV	CZE	200		400		SKIN			
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN			
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150	SKIN			
AK	HUN	221		442		SKIN			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
NPEL	SVK	221	50	442		SKIN			
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100				
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150				
Health - Derived	I no-effect le	vel - DNEL /	DMEL						
	Ef	fects on cons	umers			Effects on wo	rkers		
Route of expo	osure Ac	ute Ac	ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loc	cal sy	stemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	1,6				
					mg/kg/d				
Inhalation	17	4 17	4	VND	14,8	289	289	VND	77
	m	g/m3 mę	g/m3		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3		mg/m3
Skin				VND	108			VND	180
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d



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# VITEX S.A. HEAVY METAL SILICON

ΕN

# SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

## Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xylene

Threshold Limit	Value								
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ob	servations		
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV	BGR	221		442		SKIN			
TLV	CZE	200		400		SKIN			
AGW	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN			
MAK	DEU	440	100	880	200	SKIN			
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150	SKIN			
AK	HUN	221		442		SKIN			
GVI/KGVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
NPEL	SVK	221	50	442		SKIN			
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100				
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		434	100	651	150				
Health - Derived	no-effect lev	vel - DNEL /	DMEL						
		ects on cons	umers			Effects on work	ers		
Route of expo	sure Aci	ute Ac	cute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	loc	al sy	stemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	1,6				
					mg/kg/d				
Inhalation	174			VND	14,8	289	289	VND	77
	mg	/m3 mg	g/m3		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3		mg/m3
Skin				VND	108			VND	180
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d

### 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Threshold Limit	Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	375	100	568	150	SKIN
TLV	CZE	270	72,09	550	146,85	SKIN
AGW	DEU	370	100	740	200	
MAK	DEU	370	100	740	200	
VLEP	FRA	188	50	375	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	360	100	1080	300	
AK	HUN	375		568		SKIN
GVI/KGVI	HRV	375	100	568	150	
TLV	ROU	375	100	568	150	SKIN
NPEL	SVK	375	100	568	150	SKIN
WEL	GBR	375	100	560	150	SKIN
OEL	EU	375	100	568	150	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		184	50	368	100	

## HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS

Threshold Limit	t Value								
Туре	Country TWA/8h		STEL/15	STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations			
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
OEL	EU	100							
Health - Derived	d no-effect	level - DNEL /	DMEL						
	E	Effects on cons	umers			Effects on work	kers		
Route of expo	osure A	Acute Ac	ute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute local	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	le	ocal sys	stemic	local	systemic		systemic	local	systemic
Oral				VND	11				
					mg/kg/d				
Inhalation				VND	150			VND	32
					mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin				VND	11			VND	25
					mg/kg/d				mg/kg/d



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### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS

Threshold Limit	: Value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
MAK	DEU	300	50	600	100	
OEL	EU	1200				

ETHYLBENZENE										
Threshold Limit	Value									
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
TLV	BGR	435		545		SKIN				
TLV	CZE	200	45,4	500	113,5	SKIN				
AGW	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN				
MAK	DEU	88	20	176	40	SKIN				
VLEP	FRA	88,4	20	442	100	SKIN				
TLV	GRC	435	100	545	125					
AK	HUN	442		884		SKIN				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	442	100	884	200	SKIN				
TLV	ROU	442	100	884	200	SKIN				
NPEL	SVK	442	100	884	200	SKIN				
WEL	GBR	441	100	552	125	SKIN				
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN				
TLV-ACGIH		87	20							

### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

	value					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	275	50	550	100	SKIN
TLV	CZE	270	49,14	550	100,1	SKIN
AGW	DEU	270	50	270	50	
MAK	DEU	270	50	270	50	
VLEP	FRA	275	50	550	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	275	50	550	100	
AK	HUN	275		550		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	275	50	550	100	SKIN
TLV	ROU	275	50	550	100	SKIN
NPEL	SVK	275	50	550	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Threshold Limit Value

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category III professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).



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### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ..../>>

In the presence of risks of exposure to splashes or squirts during work, adequate mouth, nose and eye protection should be used to prevent accidental absorption.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required. Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

## **SECTION 9.** Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Appearance Colour Odour Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point Flammability Lower explosive limit Upper explosive limit Flash point Auto-ignition temperature pH Kinematic viscosity	Value viscous liquid as showed in color folder characteristic not available not available not available not available $23 \le T \le 60$ °C not available not available s20.5 mm2/sec (40°C)	Information
Dynamic viscosity	75-95 KU	Method:ASTM D 562 Temperature: = 25 °C
Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Vapour pressure Density and/or relative density Relative vapour density Particle characteristics	not available not available not available 1,20-1,24 g/ml not available not applicable	Method:ISO 2811

### 9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Information not available

### **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Dissolves various plastic materials.Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Absorbs and disolves in water and in organic solvents. With air it may slowly form explosive peroxides.

### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

### 10.2. Chemical stability



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## SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity ...

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product may react violently with water.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids.

ETHYLBENZENE

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants.Attacks various types of plastic materials.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Prevent moisture or water from penetrating inside the containers.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Avoid exposure to: air.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

#### 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: oxidising substances,strong acids,alkaline metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

#### ETHYLBENZENE

May develop: methane,styrene,hydrogen,ethane.

### **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

#### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

ETHYLBENZENE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

### 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product. Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported.

#### ETHYLBENZENE

As the counterparts of benzene, may have an acute effect on the central nervous system, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (IspesI). Is irritating for skin, conjunctiva and respiratory tract.

### 2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

Interactive effects



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# SECTION 11. Toxicological information .../>>

ACUTE TOXICITY			
ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:	> 20 mg/l >2000 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg		
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALK LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	ANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg Rat > 20 mg/l/4h Rat		
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, n-ALKANES, ISOALK LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	ANES, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%) > 5000 mg/kg Rat > 20 mg/l/4h Rat		
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) STA (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture) > 2000 mg/kg Rat > 10 mg/l/4h Rat		
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p STA (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	-xylene 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture) > 2000 mg/kg Rat > 10 mg/l/4h Rat		
Calcium 3,5,5-trimethylhexanoate LD50 (Dermal): STA (Oral):	2000 mg/kg 500 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)		
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	13000 mg/kg Rabbit 5300 mg/kg Rat 54,6 mg/l/4h Rat		
HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	> 2000 mg/kg Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg Rat > 20 mg/l/4h		
HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, n-ALKANES, ISOALI LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	KANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS > 5000 mg/kg > 5000 mg/kg > 20 mg/l/4h Rat		
ETHYLBENZENE LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral): LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	15354 mg/kg Rabbit 3500 mg/kg Rat 17,2 mg/l/4h Rat		
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE LD50 (Dermal): LD50 (Oral):	> 5000 mg/kg Rat 8530 mg/kg Rat		
SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION			
Causes skin irritation			
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION			
Causes serious eye irritation			
RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION			
Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class			



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# SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

Respiratory sensitization

Information not available

Skin sensitization

Information not available

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### ETHYLBENZENE

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2000). Classified in Group D (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - (US EPA file on-line 2014).

**REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY** 

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Information not available

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

Information not available

Effects on or via lactation

Information not available

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Causes damage to organs

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Viscosity: >20,5 mm2/sec (40°C)

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.



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# **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

### 12.1. Toxicity

Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xyl	lene
LC50 - for Fish	> 1 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 1 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 1 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	> 1 mg/l based on test data
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	> 0,1 mg/l
	-
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS)	
LC50 - for Fish	> 1 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 1 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 1 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	> 1 mg/l based on test data
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	> 0,1 mg/l
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANI	ES, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%)
LC50 - for Fish	> 1 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 1 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 1 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	> 0,1 mg/l based on modeled data
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	> 0,1 mg/l based on test data
HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS	
LC50 - for Fish	> 1 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 1 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 1 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	> 1 mg/l based on modeled data
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	> 1 mg/l based on modeled data
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANI	
LC50 - for Fish	> 100 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 100 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 100 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	> 0,1 mg/l based on modeled data
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	> 0,1 mg/l based on modeled data
HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, n-ALKANES, ISOALKAN	
LC50 - for Fish	> 100 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	> 100 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	> 100 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	> 0,1 mg/l based on modeled data
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	> 0,1 mg/l based on modeled data
Calcium 3,5,5-trimethylhexanoate	
LC50 - for Fish	100 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea	5 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	2,72 mg/l/72h
LOOU - IOI Algae / Aqualle I lanto	2,12 mg///2m
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xyl	lene
Rapidly degradable	

XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Rapidly degradable

 $\label{eq:hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25\%) \\ Rapidly degradable$ 



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SECTION 12. Ecological information .../>>

SECTION 12. Ecological information/>>			
HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS Rapidly degradable			
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS Rapidly degradable			
HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, n-ALKANES, ISOALKAN Rapidly degradable	ES, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS		
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	> 10000 mg/l		
ETHYLBENZENE Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	1000 - 10000 mg/l		
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	1000 - 10000 mg/l		
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
Reaction mass of ethylbenzene and m-xylene and p-xyle Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	ne 3,12		
XYLENE (MIXTURE OF ISOMERS) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	3,12		
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C12, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	S, CYCLICS, AROMATICS (2-25%) 3,7		
HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	3,7		
HYDROCARBONS, C9-C11, n-ALKANES, ISOALKANE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	S, CYCLICS, <2% AROMATICS 5		
2-METHOXY-1-METHYLETHYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1,2		
ETHYLBENZENE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	3,6		
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	< 1		
12.4. Mobility in soil			

Information not available

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects



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# **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## **SECTION 14. Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1263

The product, if packaged in packages of less than 450 litres, is not subject to ADR regulations as stated in 2.2.3.1.5.

The product, if packaged in packages of less than 450 litres, is not subject to obligations relating to marking, labelling and package testing in accordance with 2.3.2.5 of the IMDG CODE.

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IMDG:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IATA:	PAINT or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3

ш

### 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 30	Limited Quantities: 5 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)
	Special provision: 163, 3	367, 650	
IMDG:	EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u>	Limited Quantities: 5 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 220 L	Packaging instructions: 366
	Passengers:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 355
	Special provision:	A3, A72, A192	

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant



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# **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5c Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006 Product 3 - 40Point Contained substance Point 75 Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH) On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage  $\geq$  than 0,1%. Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH) None Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012: None Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention: None Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

VOC (Directive 2004/42/EC) : One - pack performance coatings.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

### **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Acute Tox. 4 STOT RE 1 Asp. Tox. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Skin Irrit. 2 STOT SE 3 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 H225 H226 H302 H312 H312 H312 H315 H335 H336	Flammable liquid, category 2 Flammable liquid, category 3 Acute toxicity, category 4 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1 Eye irritation, category 2 Skin irritation, category 2 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful if inhaled. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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### SECTION 16. Other information

H412 EUH211 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website

- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:



ΕN

### SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

### CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 02/03/05/07/08/10/11/12/16.